

Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

GENERAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

President Capps having accepted appointment as United States Minister to Greece has unfortunately been compelled to resign the presidency of this Association. The duties of the office have been assumed by Vice-President Kellogg.

Annual Meeting.—In accordance with the informal recommendations of Committee Q it is probable that the next annual meeting will be held at Chicago in connection with the meeting of the American Association for the Advancement of Science and affiliated societies. The precise dates have not yet been determined but are likely to be Monday and Tuesday, December 27 and 28.

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT, DELEGATE REPRESENTATION.—Up to the present time ratification of the amendment to Article X of the Constitution has been reported by only ten local branches. It becomes effective only when ratified by a majority of the fifty-eight branches.

AMERICAN COUNCIL ON EDUCATION.—At the annual meeting held in Washington, May 7 and 8, the Association was represented by Professor M. R. Cohen (College of the City of New York) and the Secretary. The meeting was devoted mainly to discussion of the Smith-Towner bill, now supported by the N. E. A. and other bodies, for the establishment of a Federal Department of Education. Serious criticism of the bill has been made, particularly on the part of higher institutions. A referendum among the constituent bodies of the American Council will be conducted in the near future, and members of this Association interested are invited to communicate with the officers or other members of the Council.

The Educational Record, No. 2, contains a discussion of educational bills now pending in Congress, including the Owen bill for an American School Army and an American Reserve Army and the Moore joint resolution for the Constitution of a Select Joint

Committee on the Organization, Activities, and Methods of Business of the Administrative Branch of the Government. An article on Education and Universal Training by Dr. C. R. Mann (of the War Department) deals with the Kenyon bill for Americanization and the Smith-Towner bill to Reorganize and Increase the Efficiency of the United States Army. Dr. S. P. Capen, the editor, gives lists of institutions accredited by the Association of American Universities, the North Central Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools, the Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools of the Southern States, and the University of California, with a statement of the criteria. Extended extracts from Dr. Lovejoy's presidential address to this Association are also included.

AMERICAN UNIVERSITY UNION IN EUROPE.—The trustees of the Union have undertaken to secure by subscription a war memorial fund of \$300,000, to be used for the immediate needs of maintaining headquarters in London, Paris, and Rome and for the permanent endowment of its general work. In order to reach this goal the Union appeals to all those who visited it during the war to contribute as generously as they can to its permanent support. The trustees of the Rockefeller Foundation have made an appropriation of \$15,000 to assure the adequate maintenance of the Union pending the raising of its endowment fund.

INSTITUTE OF INTERNATIONAL EDUCATION.—Recent publications of the Institute include a pamphlet on "Opportunities for Graduate Study in the British Isles," by G. E. McLean, Director of the British Division, with a review of opportunities and conditions at the eighteen universities, and much information of value.

A second pamphlet describes "Opportunities for Higher Education in France." Copies of either may be had on application to Dr. S. P. Duggan, Institute of International Education, 421 West 117th Street, New York City.

"Twenty traveling fellowships established by the American-Scandinavian Foundation of New York City, each with a stipend of at least \$1,000, and in some cases \$1,200, will be awarded in May, to American students, men and women, for technological research and humanistic study in the Universities of Sweden,

Denmark, and Norway. It is required that all candidates be of American birth, and all of the men should have rendered scientific or military service in the army of the United States."—School and Society, April 3.

The Society for American Fellowships in French Universities announces fifteen awards for 1920-1921. The next award for 1921-1922 will be made early in 1921. Applications should reach the Secretary, Dr. I. L. Kandel, 576 Fifth Avenue, New York City, not later than January 1, 1921.

As a memorial to the work of America in aid of Belgium during the war, and for the further maintenance of good relations between the peoples of the two countries, arrangements have been made by the Commission for Relief in Belgium for the support of ten fellowships for 1920–1921 in the Belgian institutions and of a similar number in American universities. Two are to be established in each of the following institutions: University of Brussels, University of Ghent, University of Liége, University of Louvain, School of Mines at Mons, Yale, Harvard, Princeton, California, and Stanford. The fellowships are of the value of 10,000 francs each with traveling expenses and necessary tuition fees.

NATIONAL CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ON STANDARDS OF COLLEGES AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS.—The report of the Thirteenth Conference includes a proposed definition of current expenses and announces the appointment of a special committee to report on the junior college.

CARNEGIE FOUNDATION, NOTES FROM THE FOURTEENTH ANNUAL REPORT.—Allowances granted during the year ending June 30, 1919, number 54, including five institutions not on the accepted list. The aggregate annual payment is \$77,535; the aggregate of 530 allowances now in force is \$820,280. The total expenditure on account of persons not in the list of associated institutions shows a slight progressive decline from a maximum of \$144,000 in 1909–10.

Reviewing expenditures by institutions, the largest total is \$556,000 in the case of Harvard, followed by \$491,000 for Yale and \$405,000 for Columbia. The grand total is \$5,609,000.

Allegheny College and Vanderbilt University have been added to the list of associated institutions.

The Teachers' Insurance and Annuity Association began the

issuing of contracts in March, 1919. "The policies of the Insurance Association have met a bitter attack from a small group of college professors." Nevertheless the progress which has been made is said to be "encouraging."

An appendix contains the letters to presidents of institutions of November 7, 1918, and December 6, 1918, inviting adoption of the new plan, to become effective not later than January 1, 1920, and a letter of February 26, attributing to the joint committee responsibility for the compulsory feature and announcing its withdrawal by the Foundation. Adoption of the plan, with or without reservation, is reported by the following institutions: Alfred, Allegheny, Alma, Carleton, Case, Centre, Coe, Colorado, Columbia, Dickinson, Hamilton, Lawrence, Michigan, New York, Packer, Pennsylvania, Pittsburgh, Brooklyn Polytechnic, Ripon, Rose Polytechnic, Stevens, Swarthmore, Vanderbilt, Wells, Yale.

British Association of University Teachers.—The *Times* Educational Supplement states that a meeting of the council of the Association of University Teachers held in London was attended by delegates from the Universities of Birmingham, Bristol, Durham, Leeds, Liverpool, Manchester, and Sheffield; Bedford College, East London College, Royal Holloway College, London Medical Schools, University College of North Wales, Bangor, University College of South Wales and Monmouthshire, Cardiff, University College of Nottingham, University College of Reading, University College of Southampton, University College of Dublin.

The main business of the meeting was to receive the report of the parliamentary and publicity committee upon salaries and superannuation presented by Professor Strong (Leeds). The following resolutions were adopted:

Grading. That there be four grades in the teaching staff.
A—Grade III. Lecturers, comprising junior lecturers and demonstrators. No person should remain in Grade III for more than three years.

B—Grade II. Lecturers, in which the appointment of a lecturer should normally be made.

C—Grade I. Lecturers, comprising lecturers whose qualification or duties should justify a position of seniority in status and a higher remuneration.

D-Professors.

- 2. Salaries. That the following scale of salaries should be regarded as the minimum for any institution of university rank (Grade III does not apply to student demonstrators); Grade III, Lecturers, first year, minimum, 300 pounds; second year 350 pounds; third year 400 pounds. Grade II, Lecturers, first year, minimum, 400 pounds; second year 450 pounds; third year 500 pounds; fourth year 550 pounds; fifth year 600 pounds; sixth year 650 pounds. Grade I, Lecturers, first year, minimum, 650 pounds; second year 700 pounds; third year 750 pounds; fourth year 800 pounds; fifth year 850 pounds; sixth year 900 pounds. Professors, minimum, 1100 pounds. For the more important chairs the salaries should be at substantially higher rates.
- 3. Superannuation. That this council is of opinion that the interests of English and Welsh education as a whole demand the institution of a scheme of superannuation for university teachers and administrative officials conferring benefits, including retiring allowances, not inferior to those granted under the School Teachers' (Superannuation) Act, 1918, and of a like retrospective character. That such a scheme should make due provision (a) for the superannuation of persons who enter the service of a university or university college so late in life as to be unable to acquire the service qualifications necessary under the School Teachers' Act; (b) for meeting the case of persons who retire before the normal age of retirement; and (c) for meeting the case of persons who die during service. scheme of superannuation for university teachers and administrative officials should be of such a nature as to allow (without loss in respect to superannuation) the transfer of a person employed at a university or university college to another approved educational or scientific institution in Great Britain, or vice versa.